



在日フィリピン人児童のための算数教材 分数マスター・日本語クリアー
Mga Kagamitan sa Pagtuturo sa Matematika Para sa mga Estudiyanteng Pilipinong Naninirahan sa Japan
BUNSUU MASTER NIHONGO CLEAR

27課 / Lesson 27 / Leksyon 27

ようごとぶん / Words and phrases / Mga Salita

ようご	Words	Mga salita
ななめ	diagonal / inclined / slanting	dayagonal
まる	circle	bilog / circle
かこむ	to encircle / to surround	mapaligiran / mapalibutan

ぶん	Phrases	Grupo ng mga salita
ななめにまるでかこんだ かずとかずをかけます。	Multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.	Multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.



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【内容】 Contents Mga Nilalaman

- ①分数×分数、分数÷分数の文章題が教科書の解き方ではどうしても分からぬ場合の緊急避難的解決法
- ①The method that can be applied to solve the word problems with fraction×fraction and fraction÷fraction in case the method explained in textbook is hard to understand.
- ①Magagamit na paraan sa paglutas ng mga word problem sa fraction×fraction o fraction÷fraction kung sakaling mahirap maintindihan ang paglutas na itinuturo sa textbook.

【日本語の表現】 Math Expressions in Japanese Mga Math Expressions sa Japanese

- ①単位を表す「で」 → 「 $2/3\text{ dl}$ で $3/5\text{ m}^2$ 塗れる。」
- ①「DE」, terminology to express the unit → 「 $2/3\text{dl}$ DE $3/5\text{m}^2$ NURERU.」 ($3/5\text{m}^2$ can be painted with $2/3\text{ dl}$.)
- ①「DE」na ginagamit upang maituro ang unit / pamantayan. → 「 $2/3\text{dl}$ DE $3/5\text{m}^2$ NURERU.」(Mapipintahan ang $3/5\text{m}^2$ sa gamit ng $2/3\text{dl}$.)



27 わりざんの ぶんしょうだい ④

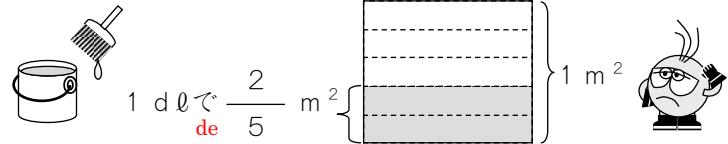
Warizan no bunshoodai

「分数×整数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(24課の[1]と同じ問題)

1

1 dlでいたを $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$ ぬれるペンキがあります。
Ichi deshirittoru de ita o $\frac{2}{5}$ nureru penki ga arimasu

このペンキ 2 dlでは、いたをなん m^2 ぬれますか。
Kono penki dewa ita o nan nuremasuka



かんたんなほうほうをおしえてあげましょう。

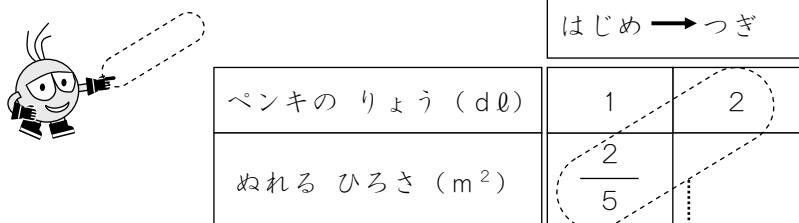
Kantan na hoohoo o oshiete agemashoo

①まず、ひょうにかずをかきます。
Mazu hyoo ni kazu o kakimasu

はじめ → つぎ
Hajime → Tsugi

ペンキのりょう (dl) Penki no ryoo	1	2
ぬれるひろさ (m^2) Nureru hirosa	$\frac{2}{5}$	

②つぎに、ななめにまるでかこんだかずとかずをかけます。
Tsugini nanameni maru de kakonda kazu to kazu o kakemasu



③あとは、 $\frac{4}{5}$ を

Ato wa $\frac{4}{5}$ o

のこったかず「1」でわればおしまいです。
nokotta kazu de wareba oshimaide desu

$$\frac{4}{5} \div 1 = \frac{4}{5 \times 1} = \frac{4}{5} \quad (\text{こたえ}) \frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$$



27 わりざんの ぶんしょうだい ④

「分数×整数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(24課の[1]と同じ問題)

1

There is paint, 1dl of which is enough to paint $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$ of board.

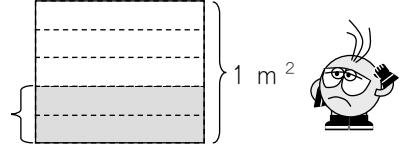
Mayroong pintura na 1dl nito ay makakakulay ng $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$ ng tabla.

How many m^2 of board can be painted with 2dl of this paint?

Ilang m^2 ng tabla ang makukulayan ng 2dl na pinturang ito?



$\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$ with 1dl
 $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$ sa 1dl



The following is an easy way.

Ang sumusunod ay madaling paraan.

- ① First write the numbers in the table.
Una, isulat ang bilang sa table.

First → Next

amount of paint dami ng pintura (dl)	1	2
area that can be painted kasakupang makukulayan (m^2)	$\frac{2}{5}$	

Next multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.

- ② Sunod ay multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.

First → Next

amount of paint dami ng pintura (dl)	1	2
area that can be painted kasakupang makukulayan (m^2)	$\frac{2}{5}$	

- ③ Then
Pagkatapos

divide $\frac{4}{5}$ by the left number "1" and that's all.

hatiin ang $\frac{4}{5}$ sa natirang bilang "1" at tapos na.

$\frac{2}{5} \times 2 = \frac{4}{5}$

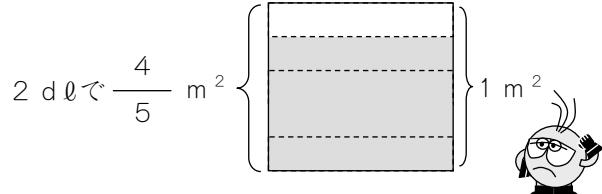
$$\frac{4}{5} \div 1 = \frac{4}{5 \times 1} = \frac{4}{5} \quad (\text{Answer}) \quad \frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$$

2

「分数÷整数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(24課の3と同じ問題)

2 dlでいたを $\frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$ ぬれるペンキがあります。

このペンキ 1 dlでは、いたを なん m^2 ぬれますか。



これも 1 と おなじ かんたんな ほうほうで けいさんできます。
Kore mo to onaji kantan na hooohoo de keesan dekimasu

①まず、ひょうにかずをかきます。

はじめ → つぎ

ペンキのりょう (dl)	2	1
ぬれるひろさ (m^2)	$\frac{4}{5}$	

②つぎに、ななめにまるでかこんだかずとかずをかけます。

$$\frac{4}{5} \times 1 = \frac{4}{5}$$

③あとは、これをのこったかず「2」でわればおしまいです。

Ato wa kore o nokotta kazu de wareba oshimai desu

$$\frac{4}{5} \div 2 = \frac{4}{5 \times 2} = \frac{2}{5}$$

(こたえ) $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$

2

「分数÷整数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(24課の3と同じ問題)

There is paint, 2dl of which is enough to paint $\frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$ of board.

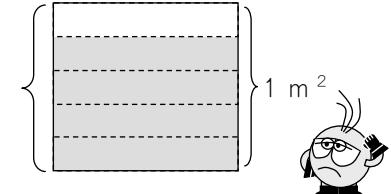
Mayroong pintura na 2dl nitong ay makakulay ng $\frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$ ng tabla.

How many m^2 of board can be painted with 1dl of this paint?

Ilang m^2 ng tabla ang makukulayan ng 1dl na pinturang ito?



$\frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$ with 2dl
 $\frac{4}{5} \text{ m}^2$ sa 2dl



This can also be calculated with the same easy way as 1.

Makakalkula din ito sa madaling paraan katulad ng sa 1.

① First write the numbers in the table.

Una, isulat ang bilang sa table.

First → Next

amount of paint dami ng pintura (dl)	2	1
area that can be painted kasakupang makukulayan (m^2)	$\frac{4}{5}$	

Next multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.

② Sunod ay multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.

$$\frac{4}{5} \times 1 = \frac{4}{5}$$

③ Then divide this by the left number "2" and that's all.

Pagkatapos hatiin ito sa natirang bilang "2" at tapos na.

$$\frac{4}{5} \div 2 = \frac{4}{5 \times 2} = \frac{2}{5}$$

(Answer) $\frac{2}{5} \text{ m}^2$

3

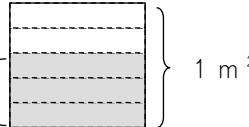
「分数×分数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(25課の①と同じ問題)

1 dlでいたを $\frac{3}{5} \text{ m}^2$ ぬれるペンキがあります。

このペンキ $\frac{1}{2} \text{ dl}$ では、いたを なん m^2 ぬれますか。



1 dlで $\frac{3}{5} \text{ m}^2$



1 m^2

これも ① と おなじ かんたんな ほうほうで けいさんできます。

①まず、ひょうに かずを かきます。

はじめ → つぎ

ペンキのりょう (dl)	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
ぬれるひろさ (m^2)	$\frac{3}{5}$	

②つぎに、ななめにまるでかこんだかずとかずをかけます。

$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

③あとは、これをのこったかず「1」でわればおしまいです。

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \div 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \times 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

(こたえ) $\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \text{ m}^2$

3

「分数×分数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(25課の①と同じ問題)

There is paint, 1dl of which is enough to paint $3/5 \text{ m}^2$ of board.

Mayroong pintura na 1dl nito ay makakakulay ng $3/5 \text{ m}^2$ ng tabla.

How many m^2 of board can be painted with $1/2\text{dl}$ of this paint?

Ilang m^2 ng tabla ang makukulayan ng $1/2\text{dl}$ na pinturang ito?



$3/5 \text{ m}^2$ with 1dl
 $3/5 \text{ m}^2$ sa 1dl



1 m^2

This can also be calculated with the same easy way as 1.

Makakalkula din ito sa madaling paraan katulad ng sa 1.

① First write the numbers in the table.

Una, isulat ang bilang sa table.

First → Next

amount of paint dami ng pintura (dl)	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
area that can be painted kasakupang makukulayan (m^2)	$\frac{3}{5}$	

Next multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.

② Sunod ay multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.

$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

③ Then divide this by the left number "1" and that's all.
Pagkatapos hatiin ito sa natirang bilang "1" at tapos na.

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \div 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \times 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

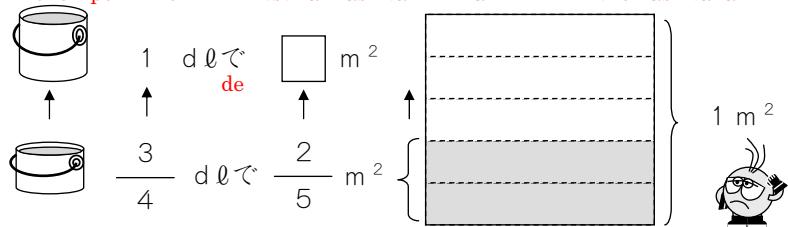
(Answer) $\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \text{ m}^2$

4

「分数÷分数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(26課の①と同じ問題)

$\frac{3}{4}$ dlでいたを $\frac{2}{5}$ m²ぬれるペンキがあります。
deshirittoru de ita o heehoomeetoru nureru penki ga arimasu

このペンキを1dlつかいました。なんm²ぬれましたか。
Kono penki o tsukaimashita nan nuremashitaka



①まず、ひょうにかずをかきます。

はじめ → つぎ

ペンキのりょう (dl)	$\frac{3}{4}$	1
ぬれるひろさ (m ²)	$\frac{2}{5}$	

②つぎに、ななめにまるでかこんだかずとかずをかけます。

$$\frac{2}{5} \times 1 = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

③あとは、これをのこったかず「 $\frac{3}{4}$ 」でわります。
Ato wa kore o nokotta kazu $\frac{3}{4}$ de warimasu

$$\frac{\square}{\square} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\square}{\square} \times 4 = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

(こたえ) $\frac{\square}{\square}$ m²

4

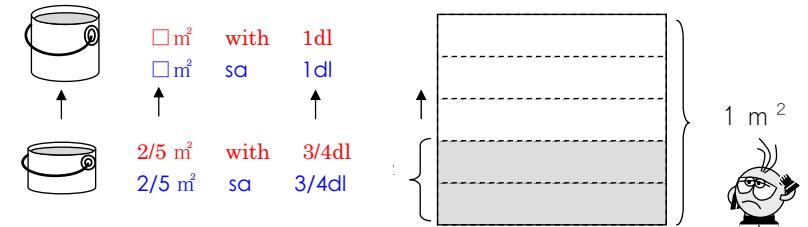
「分数÷分数」の場面を「トウカーノ式」で解く。(26課の①と同じ問題)

There is paint, $3/4$ dl of which is enough to paint $2/5$ m² of board.

Mayroong pintura na $3/4$ dl ay makakakulay ng $2/5$ m² ng tabla.

1dl of this paint was used. How many m² was painted?

Ginamit ang 1dl ng pinturang ito. Ilang m² ang nakulayan nito?



① First write the numbers in the table.

Una, isulat ang bilang sa table.

First → Next

amount of paint dami ng pintura (dl)	$\frac{3}{4}$	1
area that can be painted kasakupang makukulayan (m ²)	$\frac{2}{5}$	

Next multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.

② Sunod ay multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.

$$\frac{2}{5} \times 1 = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

③ Then divide this by the left number "3/4".
Pagkatapos hatiin ito sa natirang bilang "3/4".

$$\frac{\square}{\square} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\square}{\square} \times 4 = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

(Answer) $\frac{\square}{\square}$ m²

5

「針金の長さと重さ」の問題に置き換えて「トウカーノ式」で解く。(26課の④と同じ問題)

$\frac{4}{5}$ m の おもさが $\frac{5}{7}$ kg の はりがねが あります。
no omosa ga no harigane ga arimasu

この はりがね 1m では、なん kg になりますか。
Kono harigane dewa nan ni narimasuka



$$\frac{4}{5} \text{ m de } \frac{5}{7} \text{ kg}$$

$$1 \text{ m de } \boxed{} \text{ kg}$$

これも ペンキの もんだいと おなじように かんがえられます。
Kore mo penki no mondai to onaji you ni kangaeraremasu

①まず、ひょうに かずを かきます。
Mazu hyoo ni kazu o kakimasu

はじめ → つぎ

はりがねの ながさ (m) Harigane no nagasa	$\frac{4}{5}$	1
はりがねの おもさ (kg) Harigane no omosa	$\frac{5}{7}$	

②つぎに、ななめに まるで かこんだ かずと かずを かけます。
Tsugini naname ni maru de kakonda kazu to kazu o kakemasu

$$\frac{5}{7} \times 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

③あとは、これを のこった かず 「 $\frac{4}{5}$ 」 で わります。
Ato wa kore o nokotta kazu de warimasu

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \div \frac{4}{5} = \frac{\boxed{} \times 5}{\boxed{} \times 4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

$$(こたえ) \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \text{ m}^2$$

5

「針金の長さと重さ」の問題に置き換えて「トウカーノ式」で解く。(26課の④と同じ問題)

There is a wire whose weight per 4/5m is 5/7kg.

Mayroong kabigatan ng 4/5m nito ay 5/7kg.

How many kg is 1m of this wire?

Ilang kg ang 1m ng kabad na ito?



5/7kg with 4/5m

5/7kg sa 4/5m

□kg with 1m

□kg sa 1m

This can also be solved in the same way as the problems on paint.

Mapag-iisipan din ito sa parehong paraan ng suliranin sa pintura.

① First write the numbers in the table.

Una, isulat ang bilang sa table.

First → Next

length of the wire haba ng kabad	(m)	$\frac{4}{5}$	1
weight of the wire kabigatan ng kabad	(kg)	$\frac{5}{7}$	

Next multiply one number by the other encircled diagonally.

② Sunod ay multiplikahin ang isang bilang sa isa pang bilang na napalibutan ng pabilog na dayagonal.

$$\frac{5}{7} \times 1 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

③ Then divide this by the left number "4/5".
Pagkatapos hatiin ito sa natirang bilang "4/5".

$$\frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \div \frac{4}{5} = \frac{\boxed{} \times 5}{\boxed{} \times 4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

$$(\text{Answer}) \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}} \text{ m}^2$$